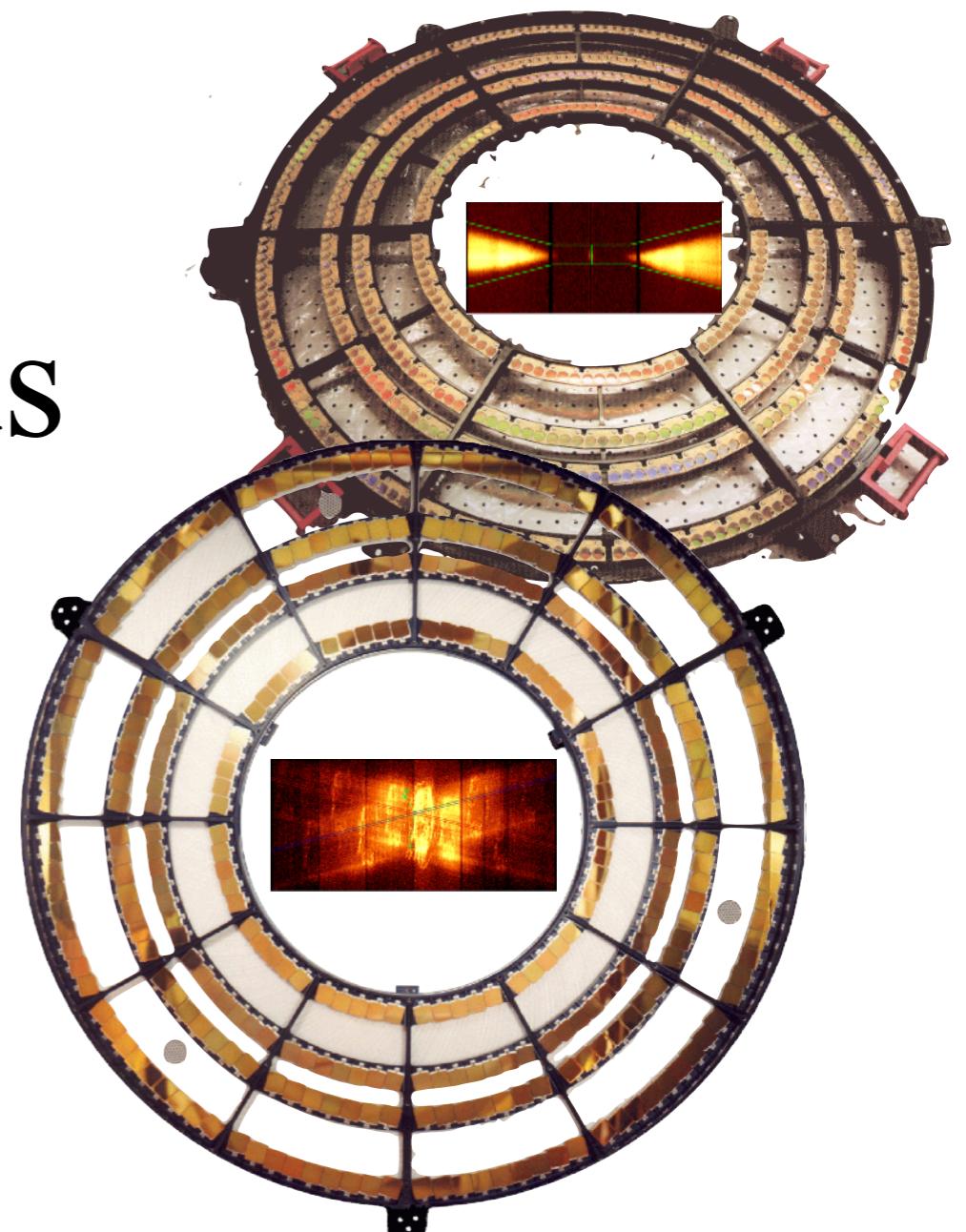




HETG/LETG — Status

Chandra Quarterly Review No. 47
17 April 2019

David Huenemoerder
dph@space.mit.edu



HETG IPI: Prof. C.R. Canizares
MIT Kavli Institute

Ongoing HETG Team Activities Summary



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Performance October 2018 — March 2019

HETG/ACIS-S 847 ks

- 36 observations on 10 targets (23 GO, 7 GTO, 2 Cal, 4 TOO, 0 DDT)
(special challenge: Sco X-1)

HETG/HRC-I 32 ks

- 2 observations (GTO); (2nd observation failed, uncovering HRC procedural problem.)

LETG 648 ks

- 8 LETG/HRC-S observations, 3 targets (7 GO, 0 GTO, 1 Cal, 0 DDT, 474 ks)
- 1 LETG/HRC-I observations (Cal, 2 ks)
- 8 LETG/ACIS-S observations, 1 target (Cal, 172 ks)

Grating performance is nominal.

<http://tgcat.mit.edu>

TGCat has 1969 extractions for 490 objects (+76/+7 since last report)

Total volume: 444 GB

Downloads: 199 packages, 65 GB

[35245 single file, 19 GB — bad robots? 1 month had >30000 downloads]

HETG GTO Science Program



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- ★ULX/BH: NGC 1313 X-1 481 ks Ultra-luminous source outflow: absorption, emission lines
- ★NS/BH: GRS 1915+105 97 ks Black hole accretion, line variability
- ★XRB: 4U 1626-67 45 ks Neutron star accretion; Fe K absorption variability

Cycle 18:

- ★ AGN: Fairall 51 120/240 ks Seyfert 1, warm absorber variability (w/ NuSTAR 120 ks)
- ★ HMXB: 4U 1907+09 142 ks Accreting neutron star; wind emission, absorption lines
- ★ Stars: V773 Tau 140 ks Evolution of pre-MS stars; flares (w/ NuSTAR 150 ks)
- ★ Stars: TW Hya 32/75 ks Accretion/winds in pre-main-sequence stars (*HETG/HRC-I*)
- ★ ISM: 4U 1636-53 128 ks Si, Fe absorption edges; part of survey vs N_H

Cycle 19:

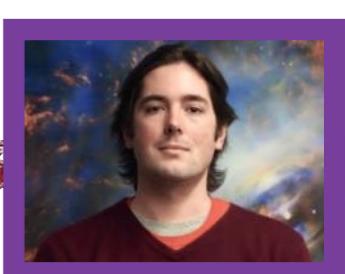
- ★ NS: Terzan 5 X-2 0/200 ks TOO (10%); Neutron Star Equation of State
- ★ LIGO: GW2019nnnn 0/300 ks TOO (10%); Gravitational wave transient
- ★ Stars: SZ 96 0/250 ks Young, low mass stellar accretion
- ★ XRB: 4U 1626-67 48 ks Neutron star accretion (monitoring)
- ★ SNR: Cas A 0/100 ks Decadal visit — 20 yrs on, dynamics
- ★ AGN: Mrk 355 0/280 ks TOO Narrow Lined Seyfert, w/ NuSTAR, NICER; warm absorbers

Cycle 20:

HETG Postdoc status/activities:

Dr. Rozenn Boissay, since Feb 2017 (Ph.D. U. Geneva, May 2016)

Dr. Paul Hemphill, since Oct 2016 (Ph.D. UCSD, August 2016) [partial GTO support]



LETG GTO Science Program



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Cycle 18:

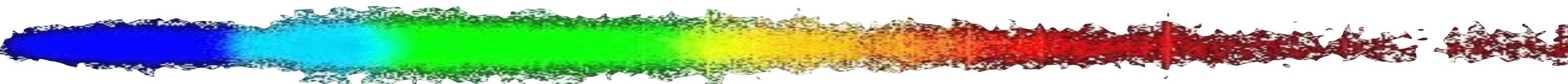
- ★ AGN: (Kaastra/SRON) IC 4329a 174 ks Neutral, warm absorbers (HETG/ACIS-S); Mehdipour & Costantini, (2018, A&A, 619, A20) "Probing the nature and origin of dust in the reddened quasar IC 4329A with global modeling from X-ray to infrared".
★ Stars: (Predehl/MPE) Proxima Cen 166 ks Reference spectrum of an old M-dwarf (LETG/HRC-S)

Cycle 19:

- ★ NS: (Predehl/MPE) RX J2143.0+0654 173 ks Cyclotron Absorption Line in an Isolated Neutron Star (LETG/HRC-S)
★ Gal: (Kaastra/SRON) 1E 2216/1E 2215 147 ks Shocks in Galaxy Cluster Collisions (ACIS-I)
★ ISM: (Kaastra/SRON) 4U 1608-522 25 ks ISM dust, Mg and Si K-edge absorption (HETG/ACIS-S)

Cycle 20:

- ★ NS: (Predehl/MPE) RX J1856.6-3754 0/172 ks Isolated neutron star, calibration (with eRosita) (LETG/HRC-S)
★ Gal: (Kaastra/SRON) NGC 5548 0/175 ks AGN outflows, absorption, ionization, obscuration (HETG/ACIS-S)



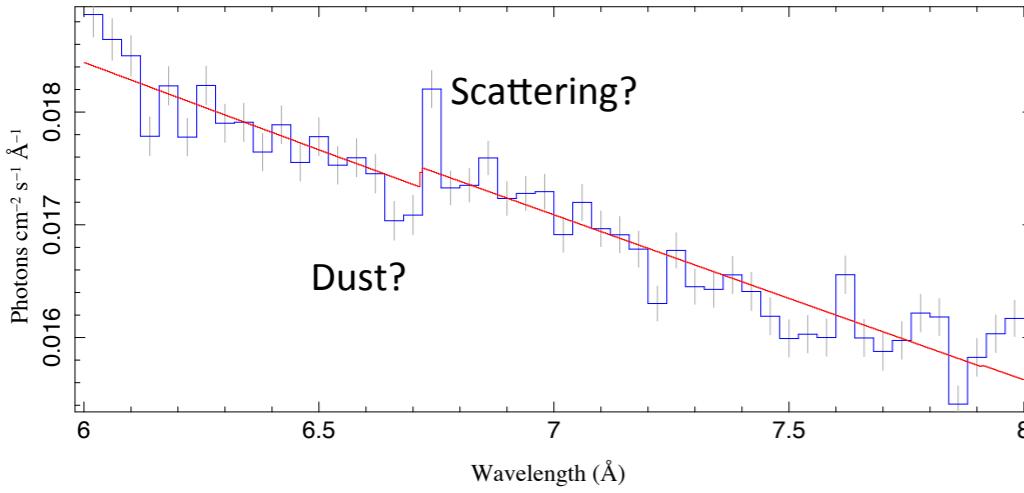


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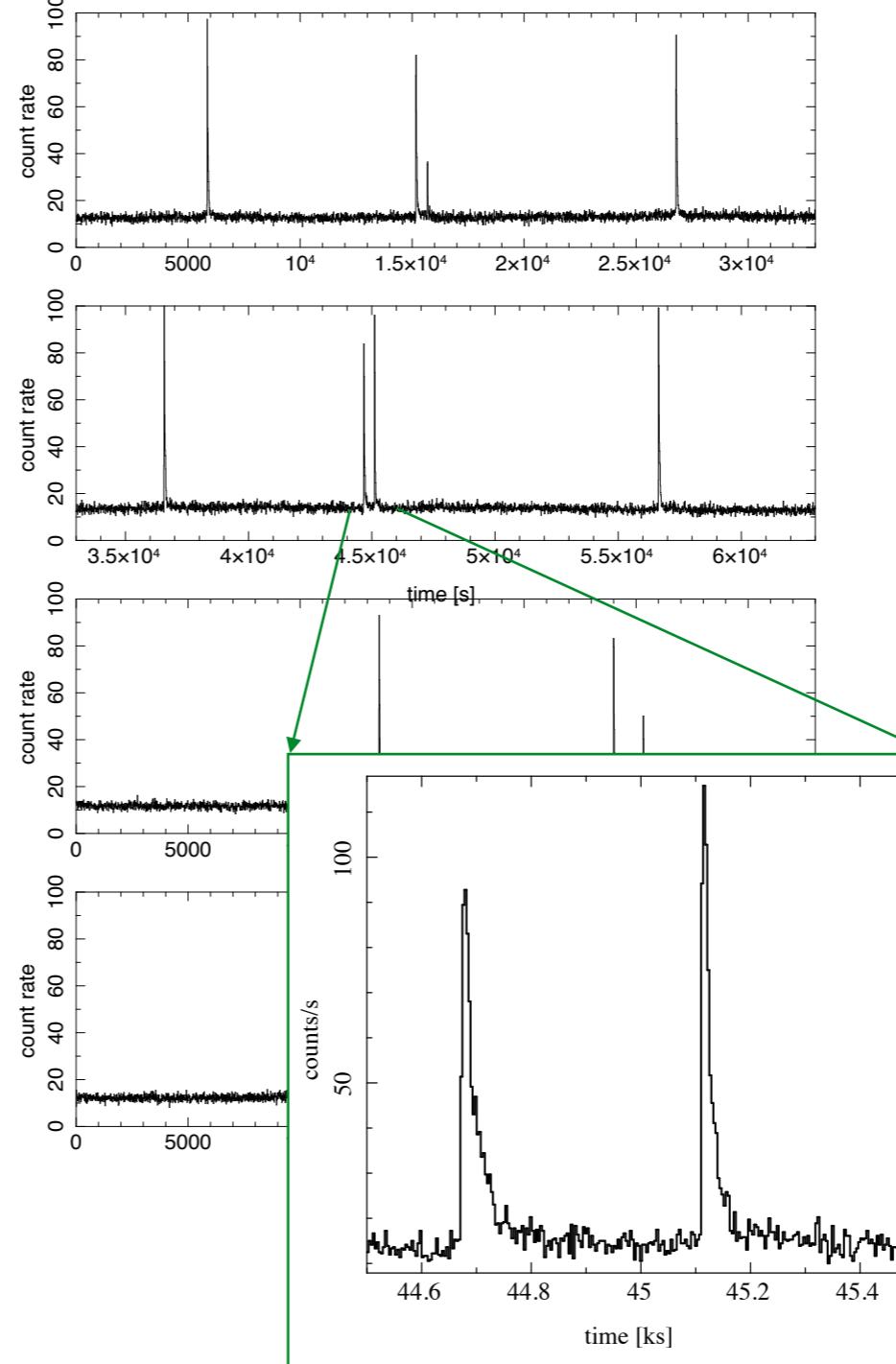
Interstellar medium studies: 4U 1636-53 (140ks)

The primary objective for this observation was to measure the Si K edge optical depth in an X-ray source with a low column density that also has a measurable Fe L edge optical depth. Together with a high column source that exhibits Si K and Fe K optical depths we then can – using the Si K optical depth as a proxy – obtain a Fe K to Fe L optical depth ratio in the ISM to test its ionization equilibrium conditions:

$$\tau \text{ (Si K)} = 0.033 +/ - 0.017 \text{ (preliminary)}$$



Other science with 4U 1636-53: Type I thermo-nuclear X-ray bursts:



Active Galactic Nuclei:

"Relativistic Components of the Ultra-fast Outflow in the Quasar PDS 456 from Chandra/HETGS, NuSTAR, and XMM-Newton Observations"

Rozenn Boissay-Malaquin et al 2019 ApJ, 873, 29

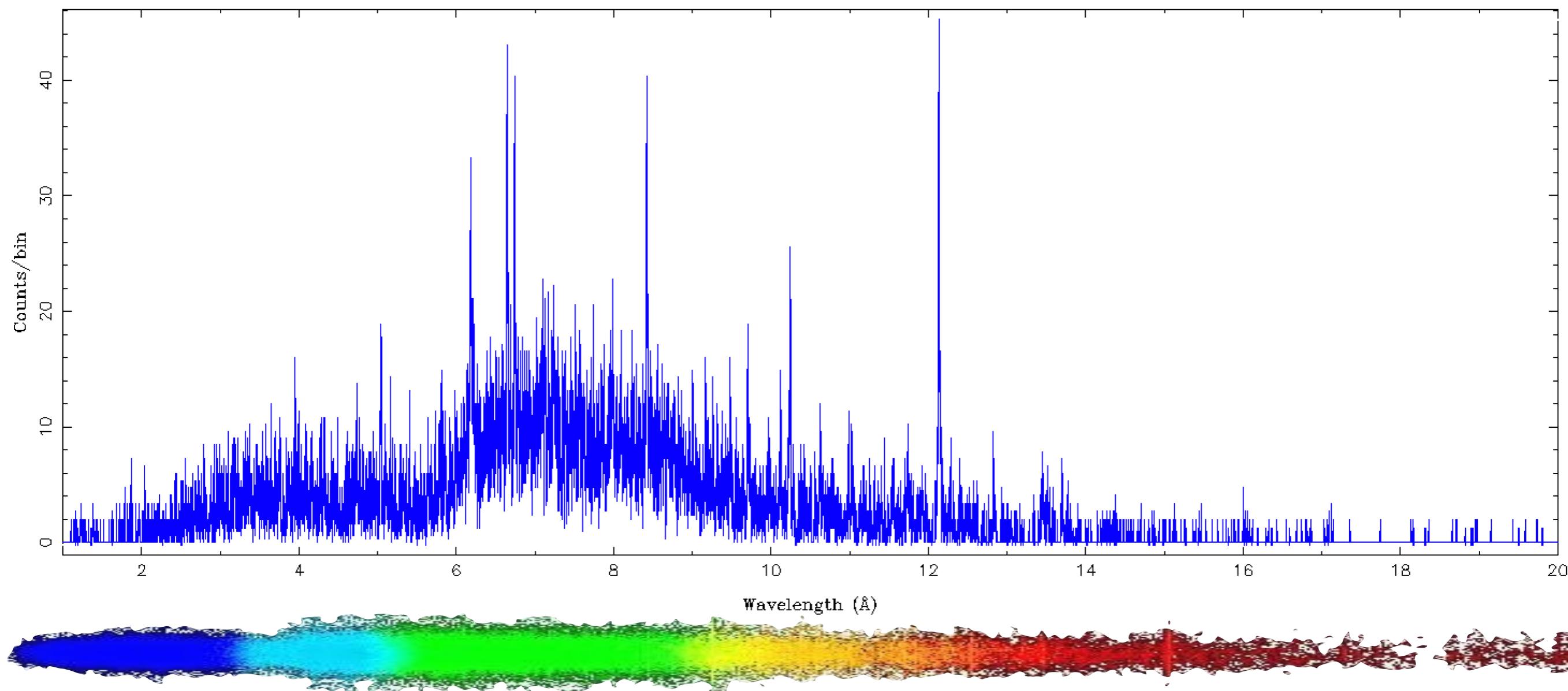
(details were presented in Q46)



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V773 Tau, HETGS, 140 ks (Cycle 19; Observer: David Principe)

V773 Tau represents one of the nearest examples of the relatively rare class of very young (~ 1 Myr) yet diskless weak-lines T Tauri star systems. This unresolved binary is known for undergoing frequent flaring events and was the first joint HETG-NuSTAR observation targeting a pre-MS system. Joint observations were necessary to search for non-thermal emission associated with flaring events. Analysis of the NuSTAR observations are underway.



Other work: HETG Trends, Issues, Activities



Some GTO activities leading to both calibration and CIAO work:

- GTO observations of M31 (HETG/ACIS-S, 660 ks) are being used for zeroth-order calibration
- GTO/Cal observations using HETG with HRC-I are motivating CIAO & CALDB updates to provide support for this mode (currently manual processing and investigation of changes required)