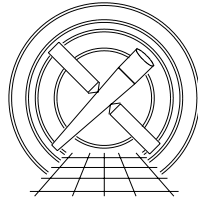


AXAF Science Center



Grating PSF Library: Data Product Interface Document:

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30 Apr 99	1.1.1	4.1	Added enumerated axis or radial coord
30 Apr 99	1.1.1	4.1	changed TTYPE names
14 Jun 99	1.2.0	all	Revised document using comments from DPH,KJG,AR and JCM

Unresolved Issues

The following is a list of unresolved, un-reviewed, or un-implemented items:

1. CBD keywords are not valid for the whole dataset (eg large values of ϕ are not allowed for all θ).
2. The CDB keywords do not distinguish between HEG and MEG.
3. Normalization of the cross dispersion profiles for small extraction regions needs to be more explicit.

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1 Introduction

This document describes the interface to be employed in accessing the PSF Library products, according to the requirements stipulated in Applicable Document 3.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to define the Point Spread Function (generically referring to PSF) Library to be used in Level 2 processing for the grating products, as described in PSF Tool ICD. This consists of reading the task specific calibration data file and returning the user specified product (e.g. PSF image, characteristic size, psf fraction).

1.2 Scope

This interface shall apply to all Grating specific PSF and LSF (Line Spread Function) data products that need the PSF Library and distributed to the CXC Data Archive (see Applicable Documents TBD) during the course of the AXAF mission.

1.3 Applicable Documents

The Applicable Documents required for background and detail on grating Level 1.5 products are as follows:

1. AXAF Data Products Guide
<http://hea-www.harvard.edu/asclocal/sds/CDR2/dp.ps>
2. AXAF Coordinate Systems
<http://hea-www.harvard.edu/jcm/asc/coords>
3. ASC AMO-2400 (SE03)
ASC Data System Requirements (ASC.302.93.0008)
4. ASC AMO-2401 (DS01)
ASC Data System Software Design (ASC.500.93.0006)
5. HEASARC FITS Standards:
http://legacy.gsfc.nasa.gov/docs/heasarc/ofwg/docs/summary/ogip_93_001_summary.html
6. ASC FITS File Designers' Guide
[http:// http://hea-www.harvard.edu/~arots/asc/fits/ascfits.ps](http://http://hea-www.harvard.edu/~arots/asc/fits/ascfits.ps)

1.4 Functional Description

1.4.1 Data Content Summary

All Grating PSF Library files shall consist of data files conforming to the FITS format (Applicable Document 6). These files contain header keyword entries and binary table (BINTABLE) extensions.

1.4.2 Source and Transfer Method

PSF Library shall be created by TBD as described in Applicable Document 3.

1.4.3 Recipients and Utilization

The primary recipients, via distribution from the archive, of the PSF Library are AXAF observers, who will utilize these data products for scientific data analysis. The CXC may also make use of specific PSF Library data products for instrument calibration, instrument and/or spacecraft monitoring and trends analysis, and validation and verification of the Level 0, Level 1, and Level 1.5 software and of the data products themselves.

1.4.4 Pertinent Relationships with Other Interfaces

Changes to the definition of CXC FITS, as described in Applicable Documents 6, may affect the format of the PSF data products described in the current document.

1.5 Assumptions and Constraints

Besides the position of the primary HDU the order of the extensions arbitrary. The column order for any binary table appended to the data file is also arbitrary. The primary HDU should have the PSF spatial dimension as the first axis, the others may occur in any order.

1.6 Products Not Covered

PSF products that are used for maintenance and diagnostic purposes (those that are not supplied to the user for scientific data analysis), or which are generic AXAF Level 2 products, are not currently included within the interface defined by this document.

2 Access

2.1 Access Tools; Input/Output Protocol

Since PSF Library products obey the formatting rules described in Applicable Documents 6, they may be accessed by any software that conforms to those standards, including all versions of the FITSIO libraries that support the BINTABLE extension. In addition, since they adhere to HEASARC standards (Applicable Document 5), PSF data product files are compatible with the input/output routines that constitute the CXC data interface.

3 Detailed Interface Specifications

3.1 Labeling and Identification

The data files in the PSF Library shall be assigned external names as shown in Table 1. The names obey the convention described in <http://hea-www.harvard.edu/arots/asc/fits/content.txt>. Where INST

Title	File name
1-d lsf data	INST_GRAT_Dyyyy-mm-ddtypeNXXXX.fits

Table 1: PSF Data Product Files

is HETG or LETG. GRAT is a string indicating the grating type with allowed values of heg, meg, or leg. The PSF library file can contain either Encircled Energy (`type=reef`) data or the Line Spread Function (`type=lsf`). Each type of data can also be from the dispersion `type=lsf` or cross-dispersion data and is denoted by `type= xdsf`. NXXXX gives the version number with XXXX being a four digit integer. This file will contain the PSF's for that position and all the energies as a data cube in the primary HDU (Header Data Units) as described below. yyyy-mm-dd is the effective date.

No additional non-instrument-specific data products are output by the PSF processing pipeline.

3.2 PSF Library structure Definition

The primary HDU for the PSF library shall be a hypercube with the (n-dimensional images) that extend along the coordinates below. For two dimensional data the r coordinate is not required. For LSF data the l and m coordinate should be omitted. All others are required.

l - spatial x-direction of the PSF image
 m - spatial y-direction of the PSF image
 r - spatial radial direction of PSF image
 X - spatial x-direction offset coordinate
 Y - spatial y-direction offset coordinate
 E - energy
 f - focus
 O - order

Each coordinate may be regularly sampled, in which case the sample points are defined by the usual CTYPEi, etc., keywords; or irregularly, in which case the sample points are defined in a table extension *in the same file*. Each coordinate has to have one or more pixels, but one is expressly allowed. If there is only one point along any of the required axes, the axis still needs to be present and its coordinate value shall be defined in the usual way (CTYPEi, etc.). A number of coordinate axes (most notably the spatial ones) will have several aliases defined in the header. The headers of these images will contain the required CalDB keywords.

The SUMRCTS images should match the PSF hypercubes exactly, except that the the (l,m) or (r) axes are missing. The image pixels indicate the number of counts used for each one dimensional PSF image. These images should be kept in IMAGE extensions, they should be numbered by EXTVER, and the value of EXTVER should correspond to the value of EXTVER in the PSF hypercube that it is associated with. Obviously, if there is only one hypercube in the file, EXTVER = 1 for the SUMRCTS image and the association is obvious.

The irregularly sampled coordinate definition tables are defined in Section 2.2 of Applicable Document 6.

3.3 1-D PSF Library Format

All PSF Library data products shall consist of files in FITS format, as defined in Applicable Document 6. The FITS file is constructed via the description in § 4. This is followed by the error component. The error

file shall have the same dimensions as the primary data array. The ETERMXX keyword will be added for each additional error term added. XX shall be the number of the error term starting at 01 and going to 99.

4 1-D File Structure for Grating Data

This section describes a 1-D PSF Library which is a FITS file with up to four types of HDU's. The first HDU will contain the normalized PSF images (1-d or 2-d) with the coordinate axes defined below. The * in table 2 or 3 denotes the principal HDU. The PSF images are normalized to a peak of one. To preserve the original information in the dataset and to derive accurate statistical errors an HDU containing the total counts for the data in the PSF is constructed as an image for the next HDU. The next four HDUs will contain an empty primary HDU and a binary table to define the irregularly sampled coordinate axis. The final HDU is optional but can contain an index table to reference additional PSF's not contained in the current file. We do not currently use an index table so it is not described here (but see the ARD for the Spatial PSF Library <http://hea-www.harvard.edu/asclocal/sds/development/ICD/index.html> for a description).

- Principal Image HDU:
 - image mandatory
 - table coordinates
 - full configuration control
 - full timing
 - full observation
- SUMRCTS Image Extn HDU:
 - image mandatory
 - table coordinates
 - short CC
 - short timing
- Coordinate Tables
 - bintable mandatory
 - short CC
 - short timing
 - short Observation

The description of the required keywords (eg. image mandatory) can be found in Applicable Document 6.

HDU	Type	EXTNAME	CONTENT	HDUNAME	HDUCLAS1	HDUCLAS3	Description
0 (*)	IMAGE	HETG_REEF	CDB_HETG_REEF	AXAF_REEF	RESPONSE	REEF	1-d PSF data
1	IMAGE	SUMRCTS	HETG_REEF_CTS	AXAF_REEF_CTS	RESPONSE	SUMRCTS	Normalization
2	BINTABLE	GROUPING			N/A	N/A	Optional table containing grouping information if the PSF spans multiple HDU's
3	BINTABLE	RADIUS			COORD	N/A	Contains radial coordinate information
4	BINTABLE	WAVELENGTH			COORD	N/A	Contains energy coordinate information
5	BINTABLE	THETA			COORD	N/A	Contains theta coordinate information
6	BINTABLE	PHI			COORD	N/A	Contains phi coordinate information
7	BINTABLE	ORDER			COORD	N/A	Contains order coordinate information
8	BINTABLE	DEFOCUS			COORD	N/A	Contains order focus information

Table 2: Table describing the REEF file structure

HDU	Type	EXTNAME	CONTENT	HDUNAME	HDUCLAS1	HDUCLAS3	Description
0 (*)	IMAGE	AXAF_LSF	CDB_HETG_LSF	AXAF_LSF	RESPONSE	LSF	1-d PSF data
1	IMAGE	SUMRCTS	HETG_RPSF_CTS	AXAF_LSF_CTS	RESPONSE	SUMRCTS	Normalization
2	BINTABLE	GROUPING			N/A	N/A	Optional table containing grouping information if the PSF spans multiple HDU's
3	BINTABLE	RADIUS			COORD	N/A	Contains radial coordinate information
4	BINTABLE	WAVELENGTH			COORD	N/A	Contains energy coordinate information
5	BINTABLE	THETA			COORD	N/A	Contains theta coordinate information
6	BINTABLE	PHI			COORD	N/A	Contains phi coordinate information
7	BINTABLE	ORDER			COORD	N/A	Contains order coordinate information
8	BINTABLE	DEFOCUS			COORD	N/A	Contains defocus coordinate information

Table 3: Table describing the RPSF file structure for in the dispersion direction

4.1 Enumerated Axis Definitions

These tables list the binary tables which give the coordinate information for each enumerated axis and are defined in applicable document 6. The radial coordinate will specify the angle from the center of the image with respect to the grating node (see Applicable Document 2 §3).

HDU	Type	EXTNAME	CONTENT	HDUNAME	HDUCLAS1	HDUCLAS3	Description
0 (*)	IMAGE	AXAF_XPSF	CDB_HETG_XDSF	AXAF_XPSF	RESPONSE	XPSF	1-d PSF data
1	IMAGE	SUMRCTS	CDB_SUMRCTS	AXAF_XPSF_CTS	RESPONSE	SUMRCTS	Normalization
2	BINTABLE	GROUPING			N/A	N/A	Optional table containing grouping information if the PSF spans multiple HDU's
3	BINTABLE	RADIUS			COORD	N/A	Contains radial coordinate information
4	BINTABLE	WAVELENGTH			COORD	N/A	Contains wavelength coordinate information
5	BINTABLE	THETA			COORD	N/A	Contains theta coordinate information
6	BINTABLE	PHI			COORD	N/A	Contains phi coordinate information
7	BINTABLE	ORDER			COORD	N/A	Contains order coordinate information
8	BINTABLE	DEFOCUS			COORD	N/A	Contains defocus coordinate information

Table 4: Table describing the RPSF file structure for the cross-dispersion direction

#	TTYTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	RADIUS_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	Radius Bin
2	RAD_LO	degrees	1D	0.0	TBD	Low radius of the bin
3	RAD_HI	degrees	1D	0.0	TBD	Hi radius of the bin

Table 5: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the radial axis

#	TTYTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	WAVELENGTH_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	Wavelength Bin
2	WAVE_LO	Angstroms	1D	0.0	10.0	Low wavelength of the bin
3	WAVE_HI	Angstroms	1D	0.0	10.0	Hi wavelength of the bin

Table 6: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the energy axis

#	TTYTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	THETA_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	THETA Bin
2	THETA	deg	1D	0.0	360.0	The Angle at the center of the bin

Table 7: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the θ axis

#	TTYTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	PHI_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	PHI Bin
2	PHI	deg	1D	0.0	360.0	Angle at the center of the bin

Table 8: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the ϕ axis

#	TTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	ORDER_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	ORDER Bin
2	ORDER		1D	-30.0	30.0	Dispersion order of the data

Table 9: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the Order axis

#	TTYPE	TUNIT	TFORM	TLMIN	TLMAX	Comment
1	DEFOCUS_AXIS		1I	1	TBD	DEFOCUS Bin
2	DEFOCUS		1D	-30.0	30.0	Amount of Defocus um

Table 10: FITS Enumerated Axis binary table contents for the DEFOCUS axis

4.2 Image Hypercube coordinate Definitions

These tables list the coordinate information for each axis for the primary HDU and the HDU containing the total count information. Table 12 defines the coordinate axes for an image which contains the total number of counts for the data in the primary HDU (table 11). The pixels of the image will contain the number of counts in the original image and each pixel will correspond to one PSF dataset in the primary HDU. The off-axis angle is specified by θ_{HR} (see Applicable Document 2 for the definition of the coordinate system AXAF-HSC-1.2) and the rotation about the aim point is ϕ_{HR} . for the zero order image.

N	CTYPEN	CDELTN	CUNITN	CRPIXN	CRVALN	CEXTN _N	Comments
1	PSF_R		deg	1	0.	N/A	
2	WAVELENGTH_AXIS	1	Angstroms	1	1	WAVELENGTH	Enumerated axis
3	THETA_AXIS	1	deg	1	1	THETA	Enumerated axis
4	PHI_AXIS	1	deg	1	1	PHI	Enumerated axis
5	ORDER_AXIS	1		1	1	ORDER	Enumerated axis
6	DEFOCUS_AXIS		um			DEFOCUS	Focus Position

Table 11: The principal HDU for the the PSF containing the 1-dimensional PSF data for the gratings.

N	CTYPEN	CDELTN	CUNITN	CRPIXN	CRVALN	CEXTN _N	Comments
1	WAVELENGTH_AXIS	1	Angstroms	1	1	WAVELENGTH	Enumerated axis
2	THETA_AXIS	1	deg	1	1	THETA	Enumerated axis
3	PHI_AXIS	1	deg	1	1	PHI	Enumerated axis
4	ORDER_AXIS	1		1	1	ORDER	Enumerated axis
5	DEFOCUS_AXIS		um			DEFOCUS	Focus Position

Table 12: The SUMRCTS HDU for the the PSF containing the total counts in the 1-dimensional PSF data for the gratings.

Table 11 is the primary HDU and contains the one dimensional data for the grating PSF's. This data can be the Encircled Energy (REEF) or the Line Spread Function (LSF).

4.3 Column and Axis Descriptions

The axes of the SUMRCTS and primary image are listed below:

PSF_R: the radial coordinate measured in degrees

WAVELENGTH: the wavelength, measured in angstroms.

THETA: the off-axis angle measured in degrees,

PHI: the azimuthal angle, measured in degrees, and

ORDER: the diffraction order for the grating image

DEFOCUS: the defocus amount in μm

4.4 Additional Required Keywords

These additional Keywords need to be set in the primary HDU.

All these keywords must be set by the software that generates the PSF library and the values given below are examples only.

```

GRATING = 'HETG      '           /HETG, LETG, or NONE allowed
GRATTYPE= 'HEG       '           /HEG, MEG, LEG or NONE allowed
CDTP0001= 'DATA      '           /Virtual data set
CVSD0001= '1999-05-20T00:00:00 /Date and Time dataset is valid
CCLS0001= 'BCF       '           /Basic Calibration file
CCNM0001= '1D_PSF   '           /This is a 1-d file
CDES0001= 'Radial PSF dataset' /
CBD10001= 'Energy(0.07-20)keV' /Energy range for PSF
CBD20001= 'THETA(0-xx)arcmin' /Distance from optical axis for PSF
CBD30001= 'PHI(0.0-xx.x)deg' /Azimuthal angle for PSF
CBD40001= 'DEFOCUS(-100-100um) /Focus Range
CCLS0000= 'CPF'
CDTP0000= 'DATA'
CCNM0000= 'LSF'
RAYMETH = 'MARX v2.2'           /Ray Generator

```

4.5 Coordinate Keywords

```

CUNIT1P = 'mm        '
CTYPE1P = 'PSF_R_PHYS'
CDEL1P =                1
CRPIX1P =                1
CRVAL1P =                0
CUNIT1  = 'deg        '
CTYPE1  = 'PSF_R     '
CDEL1   =                1
CRPIX1  = 1
CDEL1   = 0
CUNIT2  = 'mm        '
CTYPE2  = 'DEFOCUS_BIN'
CDEL2   =                1
CRPIX2  =                1
CRVAL2  =                1
CEXTN2  = 'DEFOCUS   '
CNAME3  = 'DEFOCUS   '
CUNIT3  = 'Anstroms  '
CTYPE3  = 'WAVELENGTH_BIN'
CDEL3   =                1
CRPIX3  =                1
CRVAL3  =                1
CEXTN3  = 'WAVELENGTH'
CNAME3  = 'WAVELENGTH'
CUNIT4  = 'deg        '
CTYPE4  = 'THETA_BIN'
CDEL4   =                1
CRPIX4  =                1

```

```
CRVAL4 = 1
CEXTN4 = 'THETA '
CNAME4 = 'THETA'
CUNIT5 = 'deg '
CTYPE5 = 'PHI_BIN '
CDELTA5 = 1
CRPIX5 = 1
CRVAL5 = 1
CEXTN5 = 'PHI '
CNAME5 = 'PHI '
CDELTA6 = 1
CRPIX6 = 1
CRVAL6 = 1
CEXTN6 = 'ORDER '
CNAME6 = 'ORDER '
MTYPE1 = 'MSC_BIN '
MFORM1 = 'THETA_BIN,PHI_BIN'
MTYPE2 = 'MSC'
MFORM2 = 'THETA,PHI'
```